



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

occurred in the civil hospital. No contagious diseases reported in this city. Death rate for the week is 26.07. During the week 10 foreign vessels have entered this port, been inspected, and passed. Ten vessels have cleared from this port.

Casilda.—Dr. Alejandro Cantero reports 7 deaths in the city of Trinidad during the week, 2 from malaria, 1 from intestinal diseases, and 2 from tuberculosis. The varioloid reported previous weeks is on the decrease, there being but 12 cases now in the city, all convalescent, no deaths having occurred. Inspected 2 foreign vessels at that port during the week.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Dr. Juan R. Xiques reports no deaths, and no contagious diseases. Inspected 3 foreign vessels at that port during the week.

Respectfully,
The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

J. M. LINDSLEY,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report from Havana.

HAVANA, CUBA, *January 30, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following sanitary report for the week ended January 27, 1900:

One death occurred from yellow fever during the week, and 3 new cases of the same disease were reported, which is a slight increase over the week previous. There were 117 deaths from all causes during the period covered by this report, which is equivalent to a death rate of 27.65 per 1,000. The weather during the week has been fine and warm.

No new cases of smallpox have appeared amongst the passengers of the steamship *Santanderino*, detained at Mariel Quarantine Station, and the 2 patients previously reported are doing well. The passengers will be discharged on the 30th instant, with the exception of the 2 cases of smallpox, which will be detained for a further period, until all danger of their communicating the disease is over.

Asst. Surg. F. E. Trotter reported here for duty on the 24th instant, under orders from the Bureau to relieve Asst. Surg. Carl Ramus, who left this station for his new post of duty on the 26th instant.

In view of the decline in the prevalence of yellow fever in Havana, the rule in vogue regarding the treatment of baggage for points in Florida, has been also applied to Cuban ports; that is, all baggage leaving Havana for such Cuban ports as are not connected by rail with Havana, is inspected and passed, unless found to contain bedding, soiled clothing, or household articles which are liable to convey infection.

The usual weekly inspection of the station was held on the 25th instant, and a marked improvement was found in the general condition of the station and the discipline of the men.

I have the honor to transmit herewith the usual mortality table for the week ended January 27, 1900.

On account of some necessary repairs being effected to the plant on the barge *Protector*, all necessary disinfection of baggage during the week was done at the shore disinfecting station.

Respectfully,
The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

G. M. GUITÉRAS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

[Inclosure No. 1]

Report of baggage disinfected at Havana by the barge Protector for the week ended January 20, 1900.

January 17, steamship *Santanderino*, for Havana, with 45 trunks, 86 valises, and 46 parcels; total, 177 pieces.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

Mortality table for Havana for the week ended January 27, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, January 30, 1900.

Diseases—	Deaths.
Tuberculosis	21
Measles	2
Enteritis	12
Pneumonia.....	9
Malarial	1
Pernicious.....	1
Yellow fever.....	1
Enteric	1
Total deaths from all causes	117

[Inclosure No. 3.]

Mortality table of Havana for the week ended January 20, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, January 23, 1900.

Diseases—	Deaths.
Pneumonia.....	9
Tuberculosis	21
Enteritis	6
Malaria	3
Total deaths from all causes.....	81

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, January 30, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended January 30, 1900:

Matanzas.—Twenty four deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 31.33 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 5; malarial fever, 4; atresia, 2; senility, 2; pernicious fever, 1; typhoid fever, 1; enteritis, 1; pneumonia, 1; other causes, 7. The following cases of an infectious character were reported: Diphtheria, 3; measles, 2; typhoid fever, 1; typho-malarial fever, 1. Two vessels were inspected on arrival. Two bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. Thirty-seven health certificates were issued, 30 of these to persons leaving the island via Havana. Thirty-seven pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 18 disinfected.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 13 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week. The principal causes were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; tetanus, 2; cerebral tumor, 2; pneumonia, 1; enteritis, 1; typho-malarial fever, 1; other causes, 3. No cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported. Nine vessels were inspected on arrival; 5 of these were foreign and 4 were coasting vessels.

Isabella de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that 3 bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. No vessel arrived during the week.